

Solve each multiplication problem by thinking of **groups of 10**.

Example:

3×10  Think: 3 groups of 10  10, 20, 30

$$2 \times 10 = \underline{20}$$

$$5 \times 10 = \underline{50}$$

$$10 \times 3 = \underline{30}$$

$$4 \times 10 = \underline{40}$$

$$10 \times 10 = \underline{100}$$

$$7 \times 10 = \underline{70}$$

$$10 \times 6 = \underline{60}$$

$$10 \times 7 = \underline{70}$$

$$10 \times 9 = \underline{90}$$

$$8 \times 10 = \underline{80}$$

$$10 \times 2 = \underline{20}$$

$$6 \times 10 = \underline{60}$$

$$1 \times 10 = \underline{10}$$

$$10 \times 5 = \underline{50}$$

$$10 \times 4 = \underline{40}$$

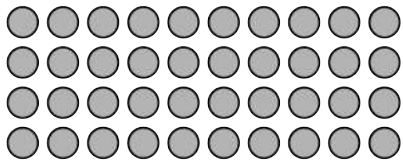
$$10 \times 1 = \underline{10}$$

$$9 \times 10 = \underline{90}$$

$$10 \times 8 = \underline{80}$$

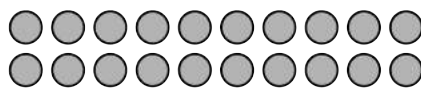
$$3 \times 10 = \underline{30}$$

What problems do these arrays represent?



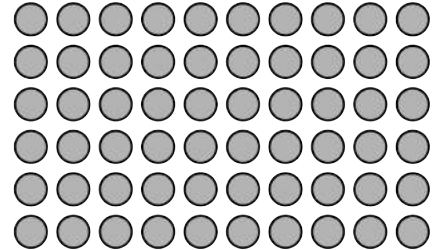
$$\underline{4} \times \underline{10} = \underline{40}$$

$$\underline{10} \times \underline{4} = \underline{40}$$



$$\underline{2} \times \underline{10} = \underline{20}$$

$$\underline{10} \times \underline{2} = \underline{20}$$



$$\underline{6} \times \underline{10} = \underline{60}$$

$$\underline{10} \times \underline{6} = \underline{60}$$

Draw a picture to represent 10×10 .

